

Table 1.1 Gross sample and sub-samples per stratum

<i>Stratum</i>	<i>Address density</i>	<i>Total</i>		<i>CAPI</i>		<i>MM</i>	
		<i>n</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>%</i>
1)	Amsterdam	11,402	28.1	3,193	39.6	8,209	25.2
2)	Rotterdam	6,250	15.4	1,043	12.9	5,207	16.0
3)	Other municipalities with highest address density	4,998	12.3	834	10.3	4,164	12.8
1 to 3)	All municipalities with highest address density	22,650	55.8	5,070	62.9	17,580	54.1
4)	Municipalities with high address density	4,999	12.3	834	10.3	4,165	12.8
5)	Municipalities with moderate address density	4,425	10.9	738	9.2	3,687	11.3
6)	Municipalities with low address density	4,499	11.1	751	9.3	3,748	11.5
7)	Municipalities with lowest address density	4,000	9.9	668	8.3	3,332	10.2
Total	The Netherlands	40,573	100.0	8,061	100.0	32,512	100.0

Source: Manja D. Abraham, Hendrien L. Kaal, & Peter D.A. Cohen (2002), *Licit and Illicit Drug Use in the Netherlands, 2001*.

Amsterdam: CEDRO / Mets & Schilt. p. 56.