

Table 1.4 Response mode per sample

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Stratum</i> <i>Address density</i>	<i>Conv.</i> <i>CAPI</i>	<i>Conv.</i> <i>Telephone</i>	<i>MM</i> <i>CAPI</i>	<i>MM</i> <i>Telephone</i>	<i>MM</i> <i>Disk</i>	<i>MM</i> <i>Internet</i>	<i>MM</i> <i>PAPI</i>	<i>n</i>
1)	Amsterdam	756	207	178	519	336	261	1,677	3,934
2)	Rotterdam	391			224	431	60	1,441	2,547
3)	Other municipalities with highest address density	365			152	384	64	1,365	2,330
4)	Municipalities with high address density	345		1	270	470	78	1,476	2,640
5)	Municipalities with moderate address density	300		10	426	272	88	1,027	2,123
6)	Municipalities with low address density	328			109	417	37	1,258	2,149
7)	Municipalities with lowest address density	325			67	356	19	1,165	1,932
Total	The Netherlands	2,810	207	189	1,767	2,666	607	9,409	17,655

Source: Manja D. Abraham, Hendrien L. Kaal, & Peter D.A. Cohen (2002), *Licit and Illicit Drug Use in the Netherlands, 2001*.

Amsterdam: CEDRO / Mets & Schilt. p. 59.