

Table 2.3 Population, sample, and response group, by age group, gender and marital status, in Amsterdam

<i>Age *</i>	<i>Municipal registries</i>		<i>Sample</i>		<i>Response</i>	
	<i>1-1-2000</i>		<i>n</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>%</i>
	<i>N</i>	<i>%</i>				
12-15	26,590	4.2	911	8.0	329	8.4
16-19	27,320	4.3	854	7.5	298	7.6
20-24	50,560	8.0	879	7.7	273	6.9
25-29	78,831	12.4	1,263	11.1	392	10.0
30-34	81,195	12.8	1,366	12.0	484	12.3
35-39	71,329	11.2	1,135	10.0	360	9.2
40-49	106,409	16.7	1,815	15.9	660	16.8
50-59	77,666	12.2	1,235	10.8	457	11.6
60-69	49,160	7.7	827	7.3	311	7.9
70+	66,314	10.4	1,117	9.8	370	9.4
<i>Gender *</i>						
Male	310,742	48.9	5,523	48.4	1,729	44.0
Female	324,632	51.1	5,879	51.6	2,205	56.0
<i>Marital status n.s.</i>						
Unmarried	318,118	50.1	6,234	54.7	2,177	55.3
Married	207,007	32.6	3,430	30.1	1,212	30.8
Widowed	72,969	11.5	588	5.2	181	4.6
Divorced	37,280	5.9	1,150	10.1	364	9.3
Total	635,374	100.0	11,402	100.0	3,934	100.0

\* Indicates a significant difference ( $\chi^2$ ,  $p < .1$ ) between the distributions of the sample and the response.

Source registry totals: O&S, 2000.

Source: Manja D. Abraham, Hendrien L. Kaal, & Peter D.A. Cohen (2002), *Licit and Illicit Drug Use in the Netherlands, 2001*. Amsterdam: CEDRO / Mets & Schilt. p. 70.