

Table 2.4 Population, sample, and response group, by age group, gender and marital status, in Rotterdam

<i>Age *</i>	<i>Municipal registries</i>		<i>Sample</i>		<i>Response</i>	
	<i>1-1-2001</i>		<i>n</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>n</i>	<i>%</i>
	<i>N</i>	<i>%</i>				
12-15	26,935	5.3	581	9.3	282	11.1
16-19	27,689	5.4	579	9.3	290	11.4
20-24	43,489	8.5	499	8.0	200	7.9
25-29	52,580	10.3	626	10.0	238	9.3
30-34	52,623	10.3	608	9.7	232	9.1
35-39	48,290	9.4	512	8.2	218	8.6
40-49	79,590	15.6	851	13.6	328	12.9
50-59	65,174	12.7	738	11.8	288	11.3
60-69	48,605	9.5	544	8.7	237	9.3
70+	66,312	13.0	712	11.4	234	9.2
<i>Gender *</i>						
Male	248,490	48.6	2,969	47.5	1,099	43.1
Female	262,797	51.4	3,281	52.5	1,448	56.9
<i>Marital status *</i>						
Unmarried	209,594	41.0	2,969	47.5	1,269	49.8
Married	208,698	40.8	2,259	36.1	942	37.0
Widowed	38,144	7.5	409	6.5	130	5.1
Divorced	54,851	10.7	613	9.8	206	8.1
Total	511,287	100.0	6,250	100.0	2,547	100.0

* Indicates a significant difference (χ^2 , $p < .1$) between the distributions of the sample and the response.

Source registry totals: CBS, 2001.

Source: Manja D. Abraham, Hendrien L. Kaal, & Peter D.A. Cohen (2002), *Licit and Illicit Drug Use in the Netherlands, 2001*. Amsterdam: CEDRO / Mets & Schilt. p. 2.4.