

Table 5.7 Lifetime and last month drug use prevalence in the Netherlands by gender, 1997 and 2001 (weighted percentages)

Drug	<i>Lifetime drug use</i>				<i>Last month drug use</i>			
	<i>Men</i>		<i>Women</i>		<i>Men</i>		<i>Women</i>	
	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001	1997	2001
Tobacco	74.2	72.4	61.7	60.6	39.0	34.2	29.7	26.4
Alcohol	93.4	94.5	87.0	88.9	81.3	82.7	65.7	67.7
Hypnotics	12.1	12.9	22.5	23.9	3.4	4.1	7.6	8.5
Sedatives	12.9	12.0	26.0	20.5	2.9	3.4	6.9	6.6
Cannabis	20.6	21.3	10.8	12.8	3.5	4.3	1.4	1.8
Cocaine	2.9	3.9	1.3	1.9	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.4
Amphetamines	2.7	3.4	1.1	1.8	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3
Ecstasy	2.7	3.7	1.0	2.1	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.5
Hallucinogens all	2.7	1.8	0.9	0.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
LSD	2.0	1.4	0.5	0.6	.	0.0	.	0.0
Mushrooms	2.5	3.8	0.8	1.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
Opiates all	9.7	6.5	13.6	9.8	0.7	0.5	1.3	1.5
Morphine	3.6	2.8	4.6	3.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2
Codeine	5.4	3.4	9.1	6.5	0.5	0.3	1.2	1.2
Heroin	0.4	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Inhalants	0.7	1.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
Smart drugs all	.	3.2	.	1.8	.	0.5	.	0.2
Herbal ecstasy	.	1.3	.	0.7	.	0.0	.	0.1
Guarana etc.	.	2.2	.	1.3	.	0.3	.	0.1
Perform. enh.	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Difficult drugs	5.6	6.2	2.6	3.7	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.8
No drugs	3.8	3.6	6.5	6.8	12.6	12.8	22.9	23.5
Total respondents	10,675	8,020	11,284	9,635	10,675	8,020	11,284	9,635

Difficult drugs are cocaine, amphetamines, ecstasy, hallucinogens, heroin.

Source: Manja D. Abraham, Hendrien L. Kaal, & Peter D.A. Cohen (2002), *Licit and Illicit Drug Use in the Netherlands, 2001*. Amsterdam: CEDRO / Mets & Schilt. p. 150.